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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/735,407	12/12/2003	Jane Smith Parker	190250-1720	2094
	7590 04/15/200 epartment - TKHR	EXAMINER		
Attn: Patent Docketing			PARKER, BRANDI P	
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Bedminster, NJ 07921			3624	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/735,407	PARKER, JANE SMITH			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	BRANDI P. PARKER	3624			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1/23/	/2009.				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	action is non-final.				
· <u> </u>					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,10-18,20,22-29 and 31</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>9,19,21 and 30</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,10-18,20,22-29 and 31</u> is/are reje	cted.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc	epted or b)□ objected to by the l	Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau		٩			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	a.			
Attach mont(a)					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/24/2008.	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application			



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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 1/23/2009 has been entered.

Acknowledgements

- 2. This is a non-final office action in response to the Applicant's Request for Continued Examination filed on 1/23/2009.
- 3. Claims 1-8, 10-18, 20, 22-29 and 31 are pending in this Office Action. Claims 1, 11, 22 and 31 are amended. Claims 9, 19, 21 and 30 are cancelled.

Response to Applicant's Remarks

4. In response to Applicant's argument that Green fails to show or suggest "logic configured to deny the vacation request due to a lack of vacation availability at a time of the vacation request" and logic configured to grant the vacation request due to vacation

availability at a time after the vacation request was denied", Examiner respectfully disagrees. Green teaches a vacation scheduler where an agent of a management unit assigns vacation shifts (column/line 2/48-53, 3/42-47). Figure 6 of Green discloses a summary of the vacation data, including the total number of vacation days available, taken and remaining. The user is able to select vacation days from those indicated as being available and the vacation request can be subsequently granted (column/line 6/17-21). By listing days available and remaining, the request for vacation will be denied or not allowed if there are no vacation days available (column/line 6/3-12). At a later time, when the days are available, the system in Green will allow for the user to select available days and their vacation request will be granted. Therefore, Green does teach and suggest these limitations.

5. In response to Applicant's traversal of Examiner's conclusion that "using email in a work environment is old and well known", particularly in the context of transmitting vacation approvals, Examiner would like to direct Applicant's attention to page 3 of the August 31, 2001 article Simplify time-off approval with our sample policy and request form, by John Connell, where employees receive an e-mail confirmation when a manager approves a vacation or leave request.

(http://articles.techrepublic.com.com/5100-10878_11-1061051.html)

6. In response to Applicants traversal of Examiner's conclusion that "it is old and well known in the art that a communications switch is used to connect telephone calls",

particularly in a call center environment, Examiner would like to direct Applicant's attention to The Call Center Dictionary, by Madeline Bodin and Keith Dawson, published by Focal Press, 2002. Pages 21-23 discuss an Automatic Call Distributor ("ACD) switch used in the call center context. In addition, the 1999 article by Christopher Botting entitled Building a Virtual Call Center discusses the use of switches in call center technology.

(http://findarticles.com/p/articles/mi_qa3877/is_199905/ai_n8841997).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

7. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

- 8. Claims 11-18 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.
- 9. Based on Supreme Court precedent and recent Federal Circuit decisions, in order for a method to be considered a "process" under §101, a claimed process must either: (1) be tied to a machine or (2) transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or materials) to a different state or thing. *In re Bilski et al,* 88 USPQ 2d 1385 CAFC (2008). *Diamond v. Diehr*, 450 U.S. 175, 184 (1981); *Parker v. Flook*, 437 U.S. 584, 588 n.9 (1978); *Gottschalk v. Benson*, 409 U.S. 63, 70 (1972). If neither of these

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requirements is met by the claim, the method is not a patent eligible process under

§101 and is non-statutory subject matter.

Claim 11 is directed towards a method of processing a vacation request. As the

claims are not sufficiently tied to an apparatus, such as a computer, and/or do not

transform the underlying subject matter (from your claim) to a different state, the

claimed method is non-statutory and therefore rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101.

10. Claims 12-18 and 20 are rejected for being dependent upon rejected claim 11.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

11. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

12. Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being

indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which

applicant regards as the invention.

13. Claim 1 is directed towards logic stored on a computer readable medium, when

executed, causes a computer to perform a vacation processing system. The statutory

class that Applicant is attempting to convey is unclear. If claim 1 refers to a vacation

processing system, the corresponding structure must be recited. If claim 1 is a

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computer readable medium containing executable instructions, then the logic for

processing the vacation request must be recited without mention of a particular system.

14. Claims 2-9 are rejected for being dependent upon rejected claim 1.

Examiner's Notes

15. The Examiner has pointed out particular references contained in the prior art of

record within the body of this action for the convenience of the Applicant. Although the

specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the

specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply.

Applicant, in preparing the response, should consider fully the entire reference as

potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the

passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the Examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

16. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains.

Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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17. Claims 1-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Green (US 6192346) in view of Leamon (US 6970829).

- 18. With respect to **claims 1, 11 and 22,** Green teaches Logic stored on a computer readable medium that when executed causes a computer to perform a vacation processing system, the logic comprising:
 - a. logic configured to provide a vacation eligibility criteria based on at least a first rule (column/line 4/63-5/11, Figure 6); and
 - b. logic configured to process the vacation request of a first employee based on the workload estimate and the vacation eligibility criteria (column/line 4/52-5/34) comprising:
 - c. logic configured to receive the vacation request of the first employee (column/line 6/17-21);
 - d. logic configured to deny the vacation request due to a lack of vacation availability at a time of the vacation request (column/line 6/3-12); and
 - e. logic configured to grant the vacation request due to a vacation availability at a time after the vacation request was denied (column/line 6/17-21).

Green does not explicitly teach providing a workload statistic used to operate a call center. However, Leamon teaches

f. logic configured to provide a workload estimate comprising at least a first

workload statistic that is used to operate a first call center (column/line 5/40-47)

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the

system in Green with the disclosure in Leamon since the claimed invention is merely a

combination of old elements, and in the combination each element merely would have

performed the same function as it did separately, and one of ordinary skill in the art

would have recognized that the results of the combination were predictable.

19. As to claims 2, 12 and 23, Leamon teaches wherein the first workload statistic

comprises an estimated volume of telephone calls that the first call center is expected to

handle over a first period of time (column/line 1/48-51).

20. Regarding claims 3, 13 and 24, Leamon teaches wherein the first workload

statistic comprises an estimated volume of telephone calls that the first call center is

expected to handle over a first period of time, and wherein the estimated volume of

telephone calls is derived from historical call volume data obtained from a

communications switch (column/line 19/26-34).

21. With respect to claims 4, 14 and 25, Green teaches wherein the first workload

statistic comprises an expected number of operators needed to operate the first call

center during a first period of time (column/line 4/21-28, 4/34-37).

- 22. As to **claims 5**, **15 and 26** Leamon teaches wherein the first workload statistic is derived from telephone call data stored in a database of a communications switch that routes incoming calls or place the calls in a queue. (column/line 1/48-51, 3/12-18, 19/26-34). Although Leamon does not explicitly teach storing call data in the database of a POTS switch, Examiner notes that it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to substitute a communication switch with a queuing system for a POTS switch because the call center operators' telephone lines can be connected to speed the call transfer process.
- 1. Regarding **claims 6, 16 and 27**, Green teaches system of claim 1, wherein the first rule is derived from an employment grade of the first employee, and wherein the employment grade comprises at least one of a payscale and a length of service of the first employee (Figure 5, item 96; column/line 5/56-65).
- 2. With respect to **claims 7, 17 and 28**, Leamon teaches wherein the workload estimate is provided to the first call center in a timely basis, the timely basis comprising at least one of an hourly basis, a daily basis, a weekly basis, a monthly basis, a quarterly basis, a semi-annual basis, and an annual basis (column/line 4/38-44).
- 3. As to **claims 8, 18 and 29**, Green teaches the system of claim 7, wherein the vacation eligibility criteria is provided in a timely basis, the timely basis comprising at least one of an hourly basis, a daily basis, a weekly basis, a monthly basis, a quarterly basis, a semi-annual basis, and an annual basis (Figure 4, column/line 4/63-5/4).

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4. As to claims 10, 20 and 31, Green teaches wherein granting the vacation

request comprises providing a summary of the available vacation days. Although Green

does not teach transmitting an e-mail to send notification of the approval of the vacation

request, Leamon teaches a call contact center with the capability to conduct

transactions through email (column/line 4/22-28). Furthermore, it is old and well known

in the art to transmit vacation or leave approvals to an employee through email.

Conclusion

23. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to BRANDI P. PARKER whose telephone number is (571)

272-9796. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs. 8-5pm.

24. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Bradley B. Bayat can be reached on (571) 272-6704. The fax phone

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-

273-8300.

25. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

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For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/BRANDI P PARKER/

Examiner, Art Unit 3624

/Bradley B Bayat/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3624